# Norbert Metiu: Anticipation effects of protectionist U.S. trade policies Econ 871: short presentation

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#### Introduction

# Outline

- Motivation: Investigate the international effects of U.S. trade protection
- Innovation: New measure of U.S. trade policy announcement shock
- **Conclusion**: Announced (but not yet imposed) U.S. trade restrictions give rise to contractions in major trading partners' output and investment

## Background

- **TTBs**: Temporary trade barriers.
  - Anti-dumping(company) and countervailing(country): charge an extra import duty on dumping or subsidized imports.
  - **Safeguards(global)**: impose a duty on imports for protect domestic producers from intense import competition
- Procedures:



#### Two identification problems

- **Time delays**: The time between the announcement and implementation Anticipation effects
- Endogeneity: TTBs' counter-cyclical nature

### Three steps

- Count: Quarterly number of products(HS06) under new TTB investigation
  - Indicate the intensity of TTB activity than new cases numbers
  - Free of anticipation effects, substantial time variation
  - Problems: equal weight
- Weight: Time-varying, trade value and news-coverage-adjusted trade value
- **Residual**: Isolate  $\nu_t$  from the systematic movements in U.S. TTB initiaions
  - $TTB_t = f(\boldsymbol{X}_{t-1}) + \nu_t$
  - Count-negative binomial regression model, weight measure-OLS regression, Tobit regression
  - $\xi_t = \frac{\nu_t E(\nu_t)}{std(\nu_t)}$  is the shock measure

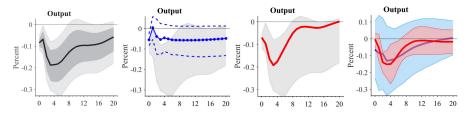
### Model and Variables

- **VAR model**:  $Y_t = B_0 + \sum_{i=1}^{p} B_i Y_{t-i} + u_t$ 
  - $Y_t$  is an vector of endogenous variables of euro area and the scalar TTB announcement shock measure  $\xi$ , p is the lag term,  $u_t$  is a vector of reduced-form innovations.
- Endogenous Variables:GDP-weighted averages for 11 euro countries: business confidence in manufacturing sector; log real exports of goods and services; log real investment; log real GDP; log CPI; short-term nominal interest rate; log real effective exchange rate.

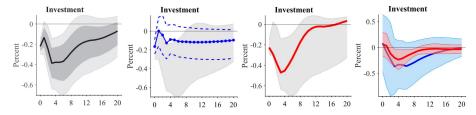
### **Different Samples**

- VAR with trade value adjusted shock measure
- Set business confidence to zero
- VAR with news-adjusted trade value shock measure
- Above average and below average groups

## Output



#### Investment



### Conclusion

- The contractions in foreign output, investment, exports, and business confidence, particularly for countries that account for a relatively large share of U.S. trade.
- Expectations channel of trade policy plays an important role in the transmission mechanism.
- Media attention facilitates the propagation of protectionist announcement shocks

### Comment

- The impressing part: the new measure of shock
- Negative uncertainty

Thank you